

proportion therefore to the number of followers to each religion, there were 525 persons to each Church of England Church, 428 to each Presbyterian, 620 to each Roman Catholic, and 628 to each Methodist. There were also one hospital, one orphanage, two colleges, and five convents.

Census of
Manitoba
1886.

99. A census of Manitoba was taken on the 31st day of July, 1886, with the following result :

CENSUS OF MANITOBA—1886.
POPULATION AND OCCUPIED DWELLINGS.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT.	POPULATION.			Occupied Dwell- ings.
	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Selkirk.....	19,501	14,855	34,356	8,580
Marquette	12,833	9,917	22,750	5,348
Provencher	7,076	6,334	13,410	2,604
Lisgar	9,578	8,308	17,886	3,508
Winnipeg (City)	10,606	9,632	20,238	3,831
Total	59,594	49,046	108,640	23,871

Increase
since 1881.

100. The last census of Manitoba was taken on the 4th April, 1881, when the population was 65,954. Soon after that date, however, a large portion of the Province, known as the Manitoba Extension, was taken away and added to Ontario and the District of Keewatin, reducing the area of Manitoba from 123,200 square miles to 60,520. For the purpose of comparison, therefore, the population of the Extension should be deducted from that of the Province in 1881, which reduces the numbers to 62,260, showing that the increase in the five years, 1881-1886 was 74.49 per cent., which, while not perhaps quite as high as was expected, still shows a very remarkable rate of increase. The numerical increase was 46,380.